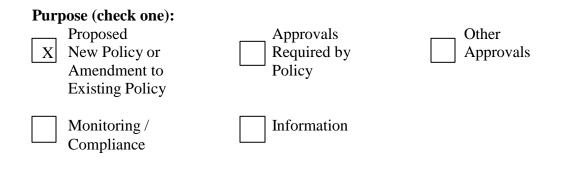
MINNESOTA STATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BOARD OF TRUSTEES Agenda Item Summary Sheet

Name: Academic and Student Affairs Committee

Date: March 19, 2014

Title: Proposed Amendment to Board Policy 2.2 State Residency (Second Reading)



Brief Description:

The proposed amendment adds to the list of students who qualify for resident tuition by incorporating the language of the Prosperity Act into the policy.

Scheduled Presenter(s):

Mike López, Associate Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs

BOARD OF TRUSTEES MINNESOTA STATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

BOARD INFORMATION ITEM

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO BOARD POLICY 2.2 STATE RESIDENCY (SECOND READING)

BACKGROUND

The Prosperity Act passed by the state legislature in 2013 provides that students who meet certain requirements shall be charged resident tuition at state colleges and universities. This legislation requires that current Board policy on resident tuition be amended to accommodate the additional students who qualify for resident tuition.

Section 1. [135A.043] RESIDENT TUITION.

(a) A student, other than a nonimmigrant alien within the meaning of United States Code, title 8, section 1101, subsection (a), paragraph (15), shall qualify for a resident tuition rate or its equivalent at state universities and colleges if the student meets all of the following requirements:

(1) high school attendance within the state for three or more years;

(2) graduation from a state high school or attainment within the state of the equivalent of high school graduation; and

(3) in the case of a student without lawful immigration status: (i) documentation that the student has complied with selective service registration requirements; and (ii) if a federal process exists for the student to obtain lawful immigration status the student must present the higher education institution with documentation from federal immigration authorities that the student has filed an application to obtain lawful immigration status.

(b) This section is in addition to any other statute, rule, or higher education institution regulation or policy providing eligibility for a resident tuition rate or its equivalent to a student.

(c) The Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota is requested to adopt a policy implementing this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE.This section is effective July 1, 2013, and applies to tuition for school terms commencing on or after July 1, 2013.

RECOMMENDED COMMITTEE ACTION:

The Academic and Student Affairs Committee recommends the Board of Trustees adopt the following motion:

The Board of Trustees approves the changes to Board Policy 2.2 State Residency.

RECOMMENDED MOTION:

The Board of Trustees approves the changes to Board Policy 2.2 State Residency.

Date Presented to the Board of Trustees: March 19, 2014

BOARD OF TRUSTEES MINNESOTA STATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

	BOARD POLICY		
	Chapter #2 Students		
	Section #2 State Residency		
1 2	2.2 State Residency		
2 3	Part 1. Purpose. Determination of the state of residency of students is necessary for a variety		
4	of federal and state reporting requirements, for institutional research purposes, and in some		
5 6	cases, determination of the tuition to be charged to individual students. This policy provides standards for the initial classification of students as state residents or non-residents,		
6 7	determination of appropriate tuition charges, and the procedures to be followed in order to		
8	change the state residency status of students.		
9			
10	Part 2. Classification as State Residents. Students who meet one or more of the following		
11 12	conditions on the date they apply for admission to a state college or university shall be classified as residents of Minnesota.		
13	as residents of minicipata.		
14	A. Students who resided in the state for at least one calendar year immediately prior to		
15	applying for admission, or dependent students who have a parent or legal guardian		
16	residing in Minnesota on the date the students apply. Residency in the state during this		
17	period must not have been solely or primarily for the purpose of attending a college or		
18	university.		
19	B. Minnesota residents who can demonstrate that they were temporarily absent from the		
20 21	state without establishing residency elsewhere. C. Persons who moved to the state for employment purposes and, before moving and before		
22	applying for admission to a public postsecondary institution, accepted a full-time job in		
23	the state, or students who are spouses or dependents of such persons.		
24			
25	Part 3. Tuition. Students who are classified as Minnesota state residents shall be charged the		
26	resident tuition rate. Students who are residents of states with which the state of Minnesota has a		
27	reciprocity agreement shall be charged the appropriate reciprocity tuition rate. All other students		
28	shall be charged the non-resident tuition rate, unless they qualify under one of the exceptions		
29 30	provided in Part 4. below.		
30 31	Part 4. Non-Resident Students Allowed to Pay the Resident Tuition Rate.		
32	Ture 4. Tron Resident Students Anowed to Tuy the Resident Turton Rule.		
33	Subpart A. Required Exceptions. Non-residents of Minnesota who meet one or more of		
34	the following conditions shall be charged the resident tuition rate unless otherwise prohibited		
35	by applicable state or federal law or regulations.		
36			
37	1. Current and Former Service Members. Current and former members of the U.S.		
38	military, their spouses, and dependent children.		

1	2.	Migrant Farmworkers. Students who have been in Minnesota as migrant
2		farmworkers, as defined in the Code of Federal Regulations, title 20, section 633.104,
3		over a period of at least two years immediately before admission or readmission to a
4		Minnesota public postsecondary institution, or students who are dependents of such
5		migrant farmworkers.
6	3.	Minnesota High School Graduates. A student who graduated from a Minnesota
7		high school, if the student was a resident of Minnesota during the student's period of
8		attendance at the Minnesota high school and the student physically attends a
9		Minnesota State College or University.
10	4.	Employment-related Relocation. Persons who were employed and were relocated
11		to the state by the person's current employer.
12	5.	Refugees and Asylees . Students who are recognized as refugees or asylees by the
13		Office of Refugee Resettlement of the United States Department of Health and
14		Human Services.
15	6.	Prosperity Act. Students, other than nonimmigrant aliens within the meaning of
16		United States Code, title 8, section 1101, subsection (a), paragraph (15), who meet the
17		following requirements established in Minnesota Statutes 135.043.
18		a. High school attendance within the state for three or more years;
19		b. graduation from a state high school or attainment within the state of the
20		equivalent of high school graduation; and
21		c. in the case of a student without lawful immigration status: (i) documentation
22		that the student has complied with selective service registration requirements;
23		and (ii) if a federal process exists for the student to obtain lawful immigration
24		status the student must present the higher education institution with
25		documentation from federal immigration authorities that the student has filed
26		an application to obtain lawful immigration status.
27	Subna	nt P. Discretionary Exactions Non residents of Minnesote may be abarged the
28	_	rt B. Discretionary Exceptions. Non-residents of Minnesota may be charged the nt tuition rate under one or more of the following exceptions.
29 30	Testuer	it tuition rate under one of more of the following exceptions.
31	1	Single Tuition Rate. With Board of Trustees approval, a college or university may
32	1.	adopt a policy to charge one tuition rate to all students.
33	2.	International Students. Colleges and universities may charge resident tuition to
34		nonimmigrant international students classified under 8, U.S.C. 1101 (a) (15) (B), (F),
35		(H), (J), and (M).
36	3.	Graduate Assistants . Universities may charge resident tuition to graduate students
37		appointed to graduate assistant positions.
38	4.	Intergovernmental Agreements. A college or university may have an agreement
39		with a governmental subdivision of another state to charge certain students resident
40		tuition approved by the Board of Trustees.
41	5.	High Ability Students. Colleges and universities may adopt a policy to charge
42		resident tuition to high ability students who are in the top 15 percent of their high
43		school class or who score above the 85th percentile on a nationally-normed,
44		standardized achievement test and who reside in states that do not have reciprocity
45		agreements with Minnesota.

6. **Other Categories**. With Board of Trustees approval, colleges and universities may charge resident tuition to other specific categories of students.

Part 5. Appeal of Initial Residency Classification. Each college and university policy and procedure shall provide for an appeal to an appropriate college or university administrator of a decision not to classify a student as a Minnesota resident as described in this policy. The administrator's decision shall be final. A student whose appeal is successful shall be charged the resident tuition rate retroactive to the beginning of the first term of enrollment.

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10 **Part 6. Change of Residency Status.** Under certain conditions, students who are initially

11 classified as not being Minnesota state residents may have their status changed to that of

12 resident. The Chancellor shall develop a system procedure that describes the conditions under

13 which residency status may be changed.

Date of Adoption: 8/15/97;

Date of Implementation: 7/18/95,

Date & Subject of Revisions:

5/22/13, Amended Part 2A requires that residency in the state cannot be for the sole purpose of attending a college or university. Amended Part 4, Subpart A to provide for possible changes in future legislative or congressional action. Amended Part 4, Subpart A1 to clarify intent and simplify language.

9/17/08 - Policy completely revised. New sections developed for classification of residents and non-residents, appropriate tuition rates, exceptions and appeals. Process used to determine residency moved to a new system procedure.

7/21/99, Subpart C, added number 8, regarding military personnel serving on active duty assignment in Minnesota

12/18/96 Part 1 – Stricken language, Part 2A – Strict Definition of Domicile, Add Part 2C – Exceptions, Part 3 – Stricken