Closing the Achievement Gap

















Board of Trustees Joint Meeting of the Diversity and Equity and Academic and Student Affairs Committees

April 22, 2015

Minnesota State Colleges and Universities

The Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system is an Equal Opportunity employer and educator.

Outline

- Goals and measures
- Gaps
 - in college readiness
 - in persistence rates
 - in completion rates
- Strategies for closing the achievement gap
- Questions and discussion

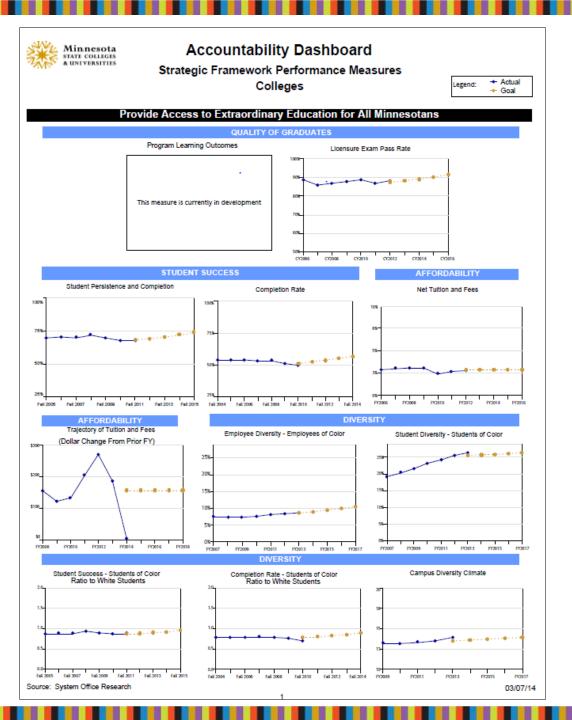


Achievement gap - definition

The **achievement gap** refers to the disparity between the educational performance of groups of students, especially groups defined by gender, race/ethnicity, and socioeconomic status. The achievement gap can be observed on a variety of measures including standardized test scores, grade point average, participation, completion and persistence rates.



Goals for closing the achievement gap have been set for each college and university



What factors affect the achievement gap?

- Academic preparedness of students at time of admission
- Student's financial resources
- Successful implementation of high impact practices
 - Redesign of developmental education
 - Advising
 - Early intervention
 - Diversity and cultural competency of employees
 - Collaboration with communities of color to support the strategies



What accounts for the achievement gap in completion rates?

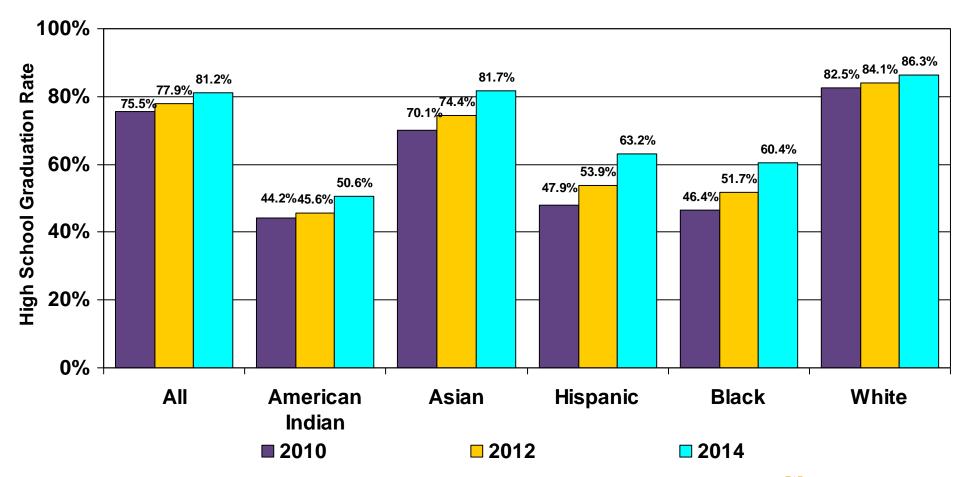
Colleges	Portion	Percent
Lack of Preparation*	4.9%	31.4%
Lack of Financial Resources	6.0%	38.6%
Other	4.7%	30.0%
Total	15.5%	100.0%

Universities	Portion	Percent
Lack of Preparation*	5.1%	45.5%
Lack of Financial Resources	2.2%	19.3%
Other	4.0%	35.2%
Total Gap	11.3%	100.0%

^{*} As measured by need to take developmental courses education courses. Source: System Office Research



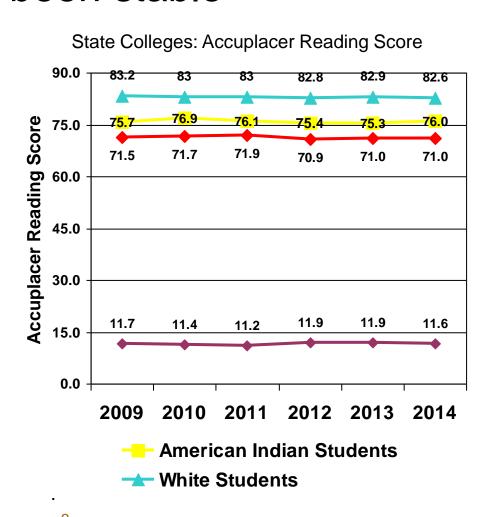
High school graduation rate gaps persist but rates are improving for all groups

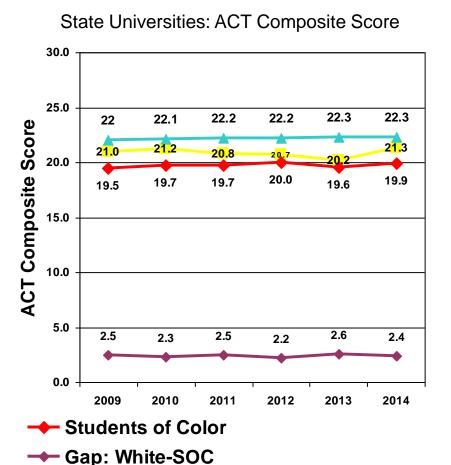




Source: MN Department of Education: Minnesota Report Card

Readiness: Students of Color and American Indian students have lower test scores and gaps have been stable



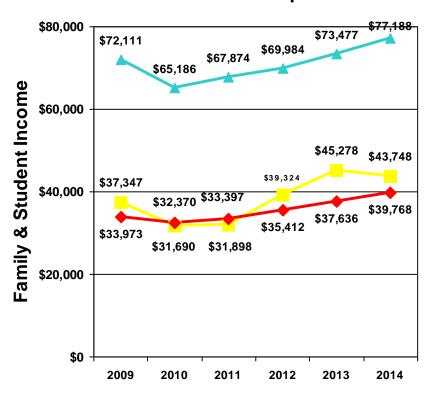


Financial Need: Students of Color and American Indian students have substantially lower median incomes

State Colleges: Accuplacer Reading Score



State Universities: ACT Composite Score



--- American Indian Students

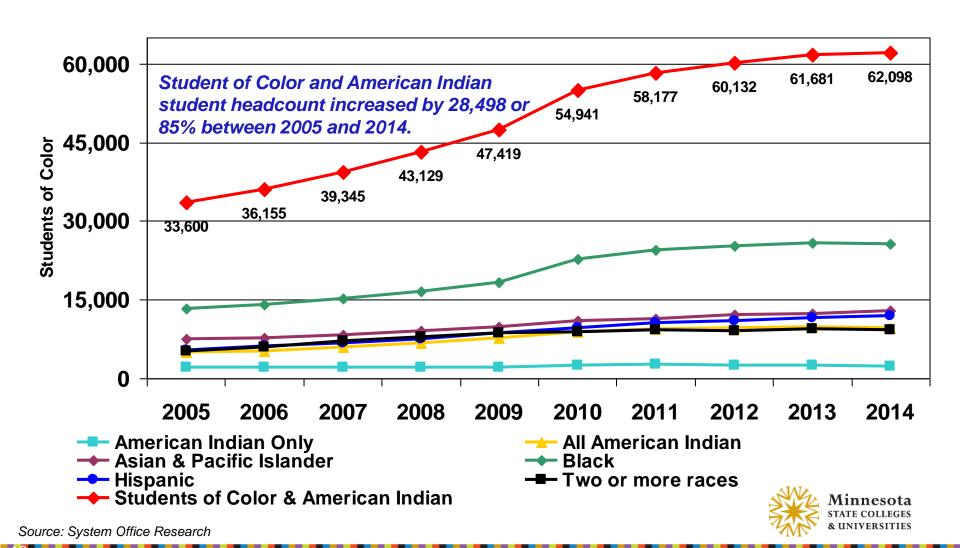
→ Students of Color

White Students

.Median income of fall entering undergraduate full-time degree seeking students.

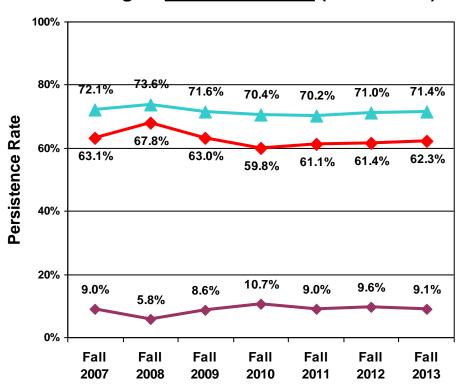


MnSCU serves more MN Students of Color and American Indian students than all other institutions combined

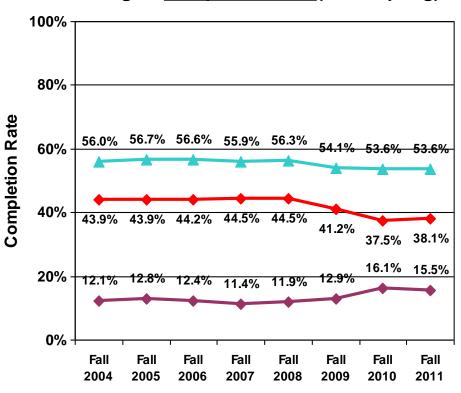


Colleges: Persistence gap and completion gap decreased

State Colleges: Persistence Rate (Second Fall)



State Colleges: Completion Rate (Third Spring)



→ White Students

Students of Color and American Indian Students

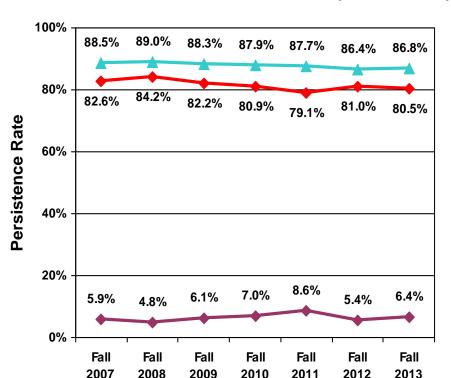
→ Gap

Persistence and completion rates for fall entering full-time undergraduate degree seeking students.

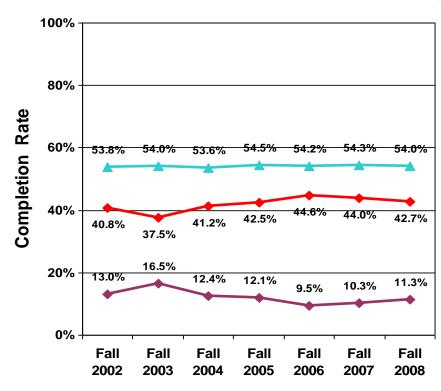


Universities: Persistence gap decreased and completion increased

State Universities: Persistence Rate (Second Fall)



State Universities: Completion Rate (Sixth Spring)



→ White Students

→ Students of Color

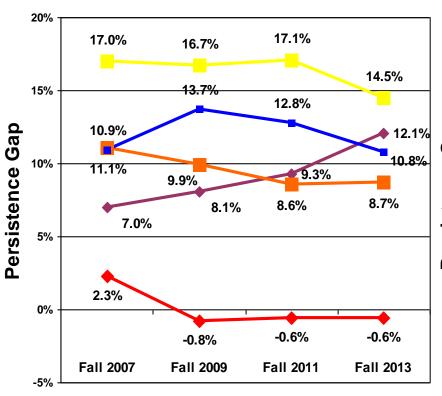
→ Gap

Persistence and completion rates for fall entering full-time undergraduate degree seeking students.

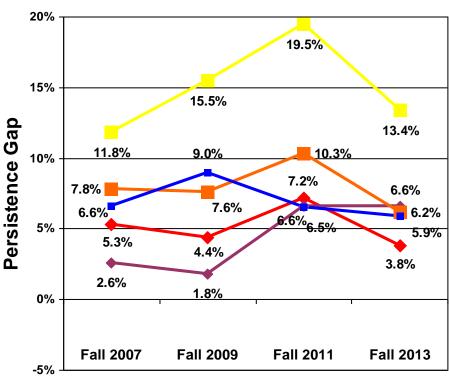


Persistence gaps: American Indian students have the largest and Black student gaps are increasing

State Colleges: Persistence Gap (Second Fall)



State Universities: Persistence Gap (Second Fall)



— American Indian → Asian → Black ─ Hispanic ─ Two or more races

Persistence gaps for fall entering full-time undergraduate degree seeking students.



Modest success in closing the achievement gap at the colleges

Students of Color Gaps in Preparation*

Students of Color Gaps in Completion

Colleges: 20.0% ———— 15.5%

Universities: 7.0% → 11.3%



^{*} As measured by need to take developmental education courses. Source: System Office Research – Academic and Student Affairs





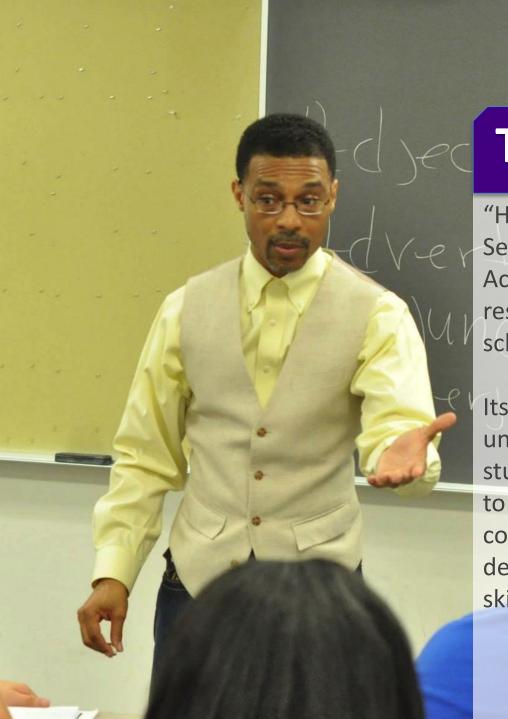


Initiatives to Promote Diversity and Inclusive Excellence

A community of learners improving our world

The HOPE Academy
Family Ties
Success Coach Program
On-Campus Employment
The KEAP Center





The HOPE Academy

"Harnessing Opportunities for Post-Secondary Academic and Leadership Academy" (H.O.P.E.) is a ten day summer residential program designed for high school students.

Its purpose is to provide underrepresented and underserved students with a life-changing opportunity to experience college life by engaging in college-level courses and workshops to develop and explore their leadership skills.

H.O.P.E. Academic & Leadership Academy Outcomes

- Boys to Men Program: 121 participants
- HOPE Co-Ed Academic & Leadership Academy: 186 participants
- Total served: 307 students from Illinois, Wisconsin, Florida, Maryland, Canada, South Dakota, North Dakota, Iowa, Montana and Minnesota
- HOPE alumni and alumnae are enrolled at WSU and also MSU Mankato, St. Cloud State, Bemidji State, MSU Moorhead, the U.S. Military, U of MN, and private colleges including HBCUs such as Xavier, Morehouse, and Spellman.















Partners in the KEAP Center



Asian American Club (AAC)
Black Student Union (BSU)
Indigenous Learning Garden Initiative
Fighting for Our Rights and Gender (FORGE)
Full Spectrum – Gender and Sexual Alliance
Hillel - Jews on Campus
Hmong American Student Association (HASA)

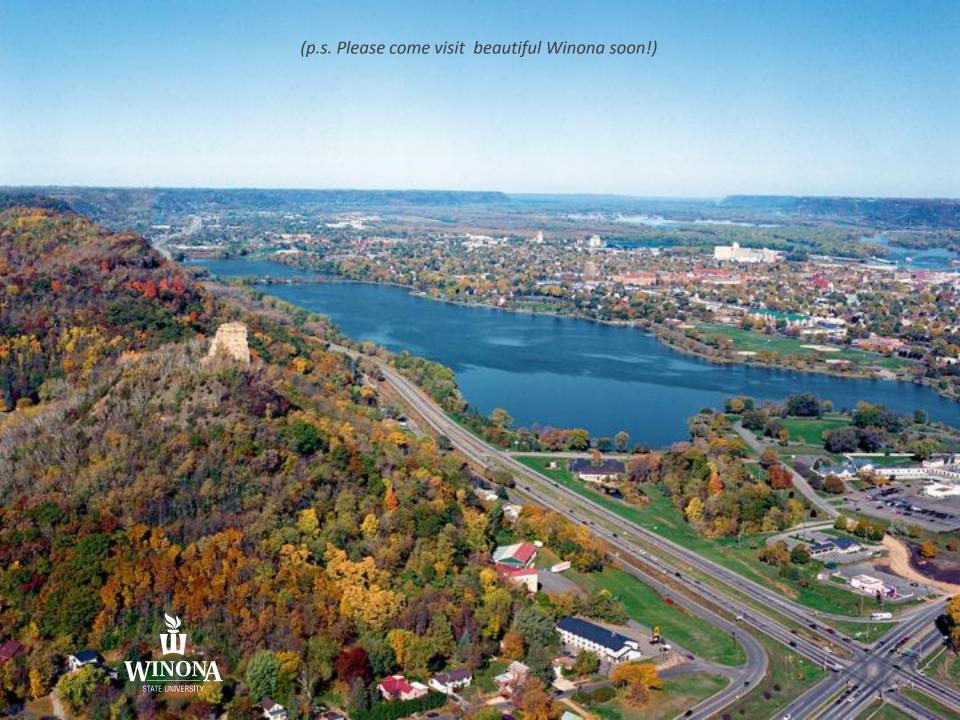
Muslim Student Association (MSA)
Saudi Student Association (SSA)
Somali Student Association (SSA)
Phi Beta Sigma Fraternity
Latin American Student Organization (LASO)
VOCES-Spanish Club
Women of Color Association (WOCA)
KEAP Council

Thank you

for your support of Inclusive Excellence and Diversity in Minnesota!



http://www.winona.edu/inclusion-diversity/default.asp





The HOPE Academy Family Ties Success Coach Program On-Campus Employment The KEAP Center

http://www.winona.edu/inclusion-diversity/default.asp



Beyond Stereotypes

AMERICAN INDIAN AND STUDENTS OF COLOR SUCCESS

Purpose

Share and discuss some of the measures Fond du Lac Tribal and Community College has undertaken that have led to measured success among American Indian and Students of Color.



The Bottom Line

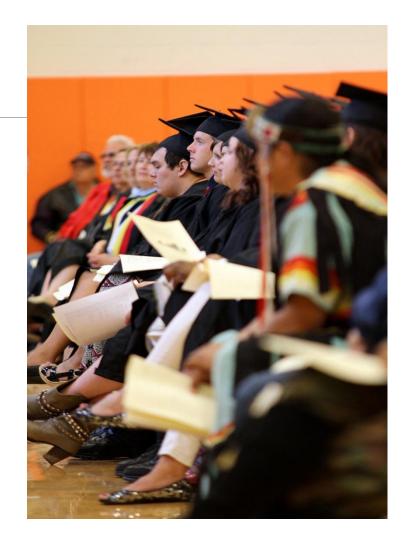
In Fall 2012 the success* rate for students at Fond du Lac Tribal and Community College...

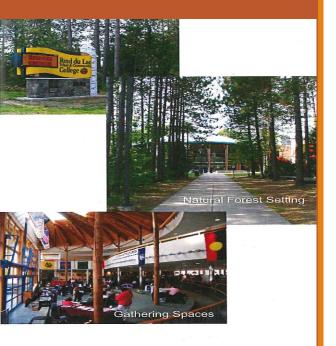
American Indian/Students of Color: 60.2%

White Students: 66.2%

*Success is defined as the persistence and completion of students

Source: Accountability Dashboard Strategic Framework Performance Measures, Prepared by the Minnesota State College and Universities System Research Group







Fond du Lac Tribal and Community College

- Part of the Minnesota State College and Universities (MnSCU)
 System; all land and buildings are State of Minnesota property
- Member of the American Indian Higher Education Consortium (AIHEC) and a Land Grant Institution
- Mission Statement: To provide higher education opportunities for its communities in a welcoming, culturally diverse environment

	Carlton	Fond du
	County	College
White, non Hispanic	88.5%	72%
Native American	5.9%	8%
Black African American	1.6%	4%
Hispanic Latino	1.6%	2%
Asian	0.6%	1%
Multi racial/Unknown	2.4%	13%

Who are FDLTCC students?

19.5% students of color

- 45.9% Underrepresented
- 16.3% First Generation
- 49% over age 30

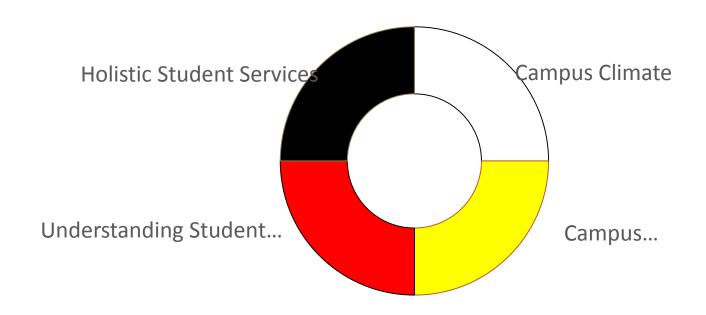
- 55% Low income and First Generation
- 2,215 Enrollment
- 897 AA/Cert seeking

70% Pell Eligible

90% Rural

- 16% Low Income
- 84% TRIO Eligible
- 1,396 Dual Credit

How was the "achievement gap" closed?





A Union of Cultures

From the moment our students get to campus—even if they don't see people who look like them—they get the message that they are welcome and everyone wants

them to succeed



Situation-based Learning

Learning as a function of an activity with "real-world" experience:

- -NASA partnerships
- -USDA funded activities
- -Language immersion

Helps connect "education" to "community"



College-Connect High School

"College-Connect" which creates actual classroom connections to high schools students, focusing on high school students with a GPA between 2.0-2.9. FDLTCC provides the instruction, transportation, and materials for these classes which focus on English, reading, and math and also includes an elective/certificate component (CNA & 1^{st} Responder Courses).

FDLTCC reached out to the Fond du Lac Ojibwe School (reservation based) and South Ridge High School (public school) and met to discuss some of the issues facing under represented students.

During the meetings, which included representatives both high schools and college staff and faculty, a plan was devised that would help address the barriers that kept those students from reaching their full potential.



Nandagikendan Academies

An intensive week long program to make the campus more accessible for:

- -New students
- -First generation
- -Underprepared
- -Low income
- -Tribal high school students



Athletics for Academic Success

- -Increased enrollment and diversity on campus
- -Clear expectations
- -Academic success





Learning Communities

Recognition that students may be parents, working full-time, or with limited support systems

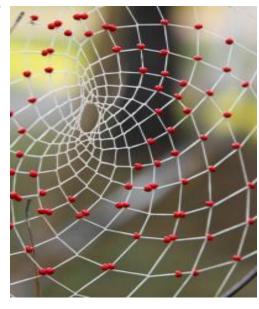
- -Degree Me
- -Weekend College

85% overall student retention



Holistic Student Services

- -Young Student Parent program, on-site day, child care grants
- -Student Ambassadors
- -Food shelf /food assistance
- -Poverty coaching
- -Cultural mentoring



Student Retention

- "0 to 40"
- -Learning Seminars
- -Regular transfer lunches
- -Alumni visits
- -Open budget process



Next steps

New messaging for staff

Campus-based social worker to assist with non-academic barriers

Expand learning communities

Using institutional needs assessment to inform practice in serving American Indian and students of color

Incorporate evidence-based tools for institutional and program level assessment

Expand Nandagikendan to become a year long program with peer support for first year students

Develop and implement a Baccalaureate degree in Elementary Education

Accreditation for American Indian Studies program through the World Indigenous Higher Education Consortium (WINHEC)

Expanded partnership with rural and reservation-based communities via ITV

Creating a recognition program for credit milestones



Questions?



Contact information

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Questions and discussion

- Are our goals appropriate?
- Are our priorities appropriate?
- While progress is lagging, are we on the right track for more positive change in the near future?

